Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	12	transcod\$4 near6 servlet\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO	OR	OFF	2004/09/15 11:12

US-PAT-NO:

6715129

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 6715129 B1

\*\*See image for Certificate of Correction\*\*

TITLE:

Achieving application-specific document

content by

transcoding using Java Server Pages

----- KWIC -----

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (6):

Servlets have proven to be a powerful tool in generation of dynamic Web

content. A servlet is a program typically written in the Java object-oriented

programming language. (Java is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc., referred

to hereinafter as "Sun".) A servlet is created in a way that allows it to be

easily added to the code already running on a server, and is intended to extend

the functionality provided by the server. A servlet typically implements code

to perform a specific task, such as retrieving information from a particular

type of database, performing some business application function, or performing

a particular type of transcoding operation. When used for transcoding, a

servlet may operate upon a static document (that is, a document
having a

predefined content) to change the content of this document into another form,

in the manner discussed above (i.e. operating upon images, translating from one

syntax to another, etc.) Servlets may also be used to dynamically generate the

content, or portions of the content, for a requested Web page. For example,

run-time information may be obtained by an executing servlet, such as the

identification of the client requesting the document; this dynamically-obtained

information can then be used when generating the output document to be returned

to the client (such as inserting a client-specific greeting in the document;

tailoring the document format according to stored preferences for this client; etc.).

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (8):

Under this distributed computing model where <u>transcoding is</u> performed by

servlets, the transcoding engine is a filter in the output stream of the

application server (or Web server). This transcoding engine typically has

access to characteristics about the source of the input request. (These

characteristics are also referred to herein as the "target context" of a

requested document, as the requester of the document is also typically the

target of the output document.) Examples of the input source characteristics

are: the type of user agent (e.g. a browser) from which a document was

requested; the type of device on which the user agent is operating; the type of

network connection over which the requesting device is connected; etc. Some

aspects of this input source characteristic information may be available to a

servlet operating at the Web server from which a requested document is being

deployed; other aspects of the information may be available only at intermediaries in the distributed network (such as the gateway into a wireless

or wired network, transcoding proxies, or transcoding servers) in a complex

delivery chain between this deploying Web server and the requesting client.

The transcoding engine may use these input source characteristics to choose the

type of transformation it will perform on the output document, in order to

transform the requested content into a form adapted specifically to the target

environment in which it will be rendered for the requesting user. The filter

can exist anywhere in the overall output network path to the requesting device,

as stated above, but an ideal location is at the application server itself.

When the filter is located at the application server, it can be coupled to the

application generating the output document, enabling high-speed, efficient transcoding.

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637430

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 6374300 B1

\*\*See image for Certificate of Correction\*\*

TITLE:

information

Method and system for storing load balancing

with an HTTP cookie

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Other Reference Publication - OREF (1):

"A Process For Selective Routing of Servlet Content To Transcoding Modules,"

Research Disclosure 422124, IBM Corporation, pp. 889-890, Jun. 1999.

7 See claim!, (g) 102(e)